

## 02 Fire safety procedures

### 02.1 Fire safety

The Manager has access to, or a copy of, the fire safety procedures specific to the building and ensure they align with these procedures. The Manager makes reasonable adjustments as required to ensure the two documents do not contradict each other.

#### **Fire safety risk assessment**

02.1a Fire safety risk assessment form is carried out in each area of the setting by the Manager using the five steps to fire safety risk assessment as follows:

1. Identify fire hazards

- Sources of ignition.
- Sources of fuel.
- Sources of oxygen (including oxygen tanks for disabled children).

2. Identify people at risk

- People in and around the premises.
- People especially at risk such as less ambulant disabled children or those using specialised equipment, such as splints, standing frames.

3. Evaluate, remove, reduce and protect from the risk

- Evaluate the risk of the fire occurring.
- Evaluate the risk to people from a fire starting on the premises.
- Remove and reduce the hazards that may cause a fire.
- Remove and reduce the risks to people from a fire.

4. Record, plan, inform, instruct, train

- Record significant findings and action taken.
- Prepare an emergency plan.
- Inform and instruct relevant people; inform and co-operate with others.
- Provide training.

5. Review

- Keep assessment under review and revise when necessary.

The fire safety risk assessment focuses on the following for each area:

- Electrical plugs, wires, sockets.

- Electrical items.
- Gas boilers.
- Cookers.
- Flammable materials, including furniture, furnishings, paper etc.
- Flammable chemicals (which are also covered in COSHH).
- Means of escape.
- Any other, as identified.

**Fire safety precautions include:**

- All electrical equipment is checked by a qualified electrician annually.
- Any faulty electrical equipment is taken out of use and recorded as such or condemned (whichever is necessary).
- Water and electrical items do not come into contact; staff do not touch electrical items with wet hands.
- All fire safety equipment is checked annually.
- Gas boilers and cookers are checked and serviced annually by a Gas Safe registered engineer.
- Oxygen tanks.

**Fire Drills**

- Fire Drills (to include emergency evacuation procedures and lock down) are held at least termly.
- Drills are recorded, including:
  - date of drill
  - staff involved and numbers of children
  - how long it took to evacuate
  - any reason for a delay in achieving the target time and how this will be remedied

**Fire precautions**

- Fire exit signs are the green 'running man' signs and are in place and clearly visible.
- Fire exits by doors are those that show a green light at night.
- Fire doors are not locked during normal working hours.
- Fire evacuation notices are in every room; these are displayed in print large enough to read from a short distance. They say where the assembly point is.
- Fire alarms are in place and tested weekly by the Primary Academy, and where necessary supplemented with visual warnings. This is recorded.

- Smoke detectors are in place and tested annually by an external company employed by the Primary Academy.
- A fire blanket is in place in the kitchen.
- Fire extinguishers are in place and are appropriate

**Further guidance**

Dynamic Risk Management (Pre-school Learning Alliance 2017)

Fire Safety Record (Early Years Alliance 2019)

Fire Safety Risk Assessment: Educational Premises (HMG 2006):

[www.gov.uk/government/publications/fire-safety-risk-assessment-educational-premises](http://www.gov.uk/government/publications/fire-safety-risk-assessment-educational-premises)